CLAIMS

- C1 inhibitor which is characterised in that its plasma circulatory half-life has been
 changed by modification of an O-linked carbohydrate.
 - 2. C1 inhibitor according to claim 1 which is characterised in that its plasma circulatory half-life has been extended compared to the half-life of unmodified C1 inhibitor.
- 3. C1 inhibitor according to claim 1 which is characterised in that its plasma circulatory half-life has been reduced compared to the half-life of unmodified C1 inhibitor.
 - 4. C1 inhibitor according to claims 1-3, which is characterised in that the plasma circulatory half-life of the modified inhibitor has decreased with or increased to at least 1.5, 2, 3 or 4 times the value of the half-life of the unmodified inhibitor.
 - 5. C1 inhibitor according to claims 1-4, which is characterised in that the modification comprises sialylation of the O-linked carbohydrate or the removal of one or more non-sialylated O-linked carbohydrates.

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- 6. C1 inhibitor according to claim 5, which is characterised in that the non-sialylated O-linked carbohydrate is galactose or Gal(•1-3)GalNAc.
- 7. C1 inhibitor according to claims 1-6, which is characterised in that the O-linked carbohydrate is modified by incubation with an enzyme preparation which comprises one or more enzymes.
 - 8. C1 inhibitor according to claim 7, which is characterised in that the enzyme preparation comprises one or more sialyltransferases, galactosidases or endo-acetyl-galactosaminidases.

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- 9. C1 inhibitor according to claim 8 which is characterised in that the enzyme preparation comprises sialyltransferases ST3Gal III and ST3Gal I. or endo- α -N-acetylgalactosaminidase.
- 5 10. C1 inhibitor according to claims 1-9, which is characterised in that the modification is an *in vitro* modification.
 - 11. C1 inhibitor according to claims 1-10, which is characterised in that the C1 inhibitor is human C1 inhibitor.
- 12. C1 inhibitor according to claims 1-11 which is characterised in that the C1 inhibitor is recombinantly produced.

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- 13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising C1 inhibitor according to claims 1-12.
- 14. Use of C1 inhibitor according to claims 1-12 for the manufacture of a medicament for administration to the blood circulatory system.
- 15. Use according to claim 14, wherein the blood circulatory system is the human or20 animal blood circulatory system.
 - 16. A method for extending the blood circulatory half-life of a glycoprotein or of a glycoprotein comprising compound, wherein the method comprises the removal of one or more non-sialylated O-linked carbohydrates from the glycoprotein.
 - 17. The method according to claim 16 wherein the non-sialylated carbohydrate is galactose or $Gal(\beta 1-3)GalNAc$.
- 18. The method according to claim 16 or 17 wherein the removal of the carbo-30 hydrates is done by *in vitro* incubation with an enzyme preparation comprising one or more enzymes.

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- 19. The method according to claim 18, wherein the enzyme preparation comprises galactosidase or endo-acetylgalactosaminidase.
- 20. The method according to claim 18 or 19 wherein the enzyme preparation
 comprises one or more recombinantly produced enzymes.
 - 21. The method according to claim 16 or 17, wherein the removal of the carbohydrates is done *in vivo* by expression of a nucleic acid encoding a galactosidase or an endo-acetylgalactosaminidase.

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22. The method according to any one of claims 16-21, wherein the glycoprotein is C1 inhibitor.